

# ENDING AIDS TUBERCULOSIS and MALARIA

## How the Global Fund can make a difference

### 2013: A critical moment

For the first time in history, we can see the beginning of the end of AIDS, tuberculosis (TB) and malaria. Over the past decade, we have made significant scientific advances that have given us the tools to defeat AIDS, TB and malaria. Failing to act now will result in staggering costs in the future. We have a historic opportunity to capitalise on the gains achieved and to eliminate the world's top three infectious disease killers.

### How do we get there?

Since its establishment in 2002, the Global Fund has supported more than 1,000 programs in 151 countries, providing AIDS treatment for 4.2 million people, anti-tuberculosis treatment for 9.7 million people and 310 million insecticide-treated nets for the prevention of malaria. In autumn 2013, the Global Fund will go through a replenishment process for 2014-2016. It is estimated that US\$ 87 billion (€66.2 billion) will be needed for the global response to the three diseases for 2014-2016. The Global Fund is working towards reaching this benchmark by encouraging donors and implementing governments to share responsibility towards funding the global response. The Global Fund Secretariat's goal is to raise US\$ 15 billion (€11.4 billion) which, when combined with predicted domestic and other international sources, would reach US\$ 76 billion (€7.9 billion) or 87% of the overall funding needs. To fully fund the Global Fund we need an increased contribution (50%) from all donors, which would have a transformative effect on the incidence and death rates of HIV and AIDS, TB and malaria. It would mean:

- Treating 17 million TB and multidrug-resistant TB patients, thus saving almost 6 million lives in 2014-2016;
- Protecting millions more people against malaria and saving approximately 196,000 additional lives each year;
- Preventing more than one million new infections of HIV each year and saving billions of euros in care and treatment costs in the long-term.



### Why invest in the Global Fund?

Historically, substantial proportions of Global Fund resources have directly contributed to health systems strengthening (HSS) at the country level. With its 2012-2016 Strategy, the Global Fund is putting an even stronger focus on targeting funding on high-impact HSS interventions, especially in most-in-need countries. The Global Fund has also adopted a New Funding Model (NFM) aimed at improving funding predictability and aligning resources with country-level schedules, context, and priorities. Finally, the Global Fund has gone through a comprehensive transformation process that has strengthened oversight, risk management and fiduciary control measures, especially at country level, making the Global Fund the most advanced global health organisation on those issues and the most cost-effective to invest in.

### Invest now or pay forever

Together, the European Commission and European Union member states represent approximately 50% of the total funding provided to date to the Global Fund. The European Commission has supported the Global Fund since its inception and is its sixth-largest donor, having contributed €1.13 billion through 2012 and pledged to increase this amount to €2.26 billion by the end of 2013. The EC cannot be complacent, especially in today's difficult economic climate. We need the EC to sustain its leadership and commitment to global health now more than ever. We can't stop now without undermining progress made so to date. Scaling up our investments can change the cost trajectory of the epidemics and defeat them within a generation. Either we invest now or we pay forever.

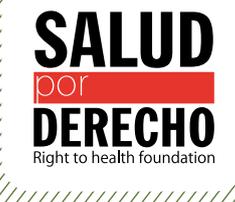
We call on the European institutions:

To support the Global Fund in the context of the ongoing programming exercise of external action financing instruments.

To scale up the European Commission's contribution to the Global Fund to €450 million for 2014-2016.



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FOR THE GLOBAL FUND



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